



**NWO CW Study group meeting**  
**Chemistry in Relation to**  
**Physics and Materials Sciences**  
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H																	He				
Li	Be															B	C	N	O	F	Ne
Na	Mg															Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr				
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe				
S	Ba			Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn			
Ra			Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Uub										
La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb								
Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	N								

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This results in an electric potential difference between the two phases, also known as the Donnan potential.

We present the first experimental evidence for the existence of a Donnan potential at the interface between these demixed aqueous polymer solutions. Using direct electrochemical measurements, we find Donnan potentials on the order of a few millivolts. This offers several exciting new prospects to control the interface electrostatically, for instance in the preparation of water-in-water Pickering emulsions.

### **High resolution AFM imaging of ion adsorption and charge distribution at heterogeneous solid-liquid interfaces**

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The interfacial liquid does not behave like a bulk liquid, and often undergoes particular structural arrangements, depending on the local solid-liquid and liquid-liquid molecular interactions. However, experimental research remains challenging due to the lack of techniques offering sufficient resolution over inhomogeneous surfaces. Here we present a novel approach based on ultrahigh resolution Atomic Force Microscopy and spectroscopy in the dynamic mode. We explore in unprecedented detail the adsorption of ions at heterogeneous gibbsite-silica surfaces in contact with aqueous electrolytes of variable concentration. Dynamic force spectroscopy with a lateral resolution of ~10nm and atomic resolution imaging consistently reveal a preferential adsorption of divalent  $Mg^{2+}$  and  $Ca^{2+}$  as compared to monovalent  $Na^{+}$  and  $K^{+}$  cations including adsorption sites on the atomically flat mineral surfaces. We present an atomic model for the adsorption sites of the ions and compare the local surface charge to a surface speciation model based on the Poisson Boltzmann equation coupled to a representation of the surface in a basic Stern model.